

# THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON,  
\$2.00 PER ANNUM.

VOL. IX--NO. 15.

THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE  
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY  
JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON,  
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE--Third Street, north of Main.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

SUBSCRIPTION--\$2.00 if paid in advance;

\$2.50 at the end of six months, or \$3.00 if

paid by delayed until the close of the year.

Any persons procuring us FIVE sub-

scribers and remitting us \$10, will receive a copy

one year gratis.

All letters and communications addressed

through the post office, must be post-paid,

or they will not be taken from the office.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For each square of 12 lines or less, first \$1.00,

Each additional insertion .25

Post and Proportion Notices, each 1.50

for 12 lines or less, for 3 months, 4.00

for 12 lines, or less, for 6 months, 7.50

for 12 lines, or less, for 12 months, 10.00

One column for 12 months, 50.00

Half a column for 12 months, or a column for 6 months, 35.00

Quarter of a column for 12 months, or a column for 3 months, 25.00

POET'S CORNER.



From the Louisville Journal.

## TAREWELL.

Farewell! Oh is there aught on earth  
So mournful as that word,  
When amid scenes of light, and mirth,  
And music, it is heard?  
Whispered by one we love too well,  
And may not meet for years,  
When smiles upon the lip arrest death,  
While the heart is full of tears.

Farewell, farewell! ah, breath it not  
Within the banquet hall,  
But in some quiet, lonely spot,  
Where the spirit may no thrall,  
Where every feeling of the soul  
On love's light wing springs free.  
And the heart may weep without control,  
There let our parting be.

As music of the restless deep,  
Within some quiet bower,  
Where the echoes never cease,  
The rock such sighing wave;  
In memory's enchanted cell,  
Shall linger every tone,  
Each whispered word of thy farewell,  
Be cherished, there alone!

And from the cavern's sparkling well  
Bright drops forever spring,  
That mingle in their ceaseless fall,  
And into crystal clings;  
Thus, word, and look, and smile of thine,  
Have fallen on my heart,  
And thy spirit breathing into mine  
Is of itself a part.

Then linger not, where all is gay,  
To whisper thy farewell,  
Where other eyes in coldness may  
Upon our sorrow dwell,  
Mid light, and mirth, and beauty's bloom  
A parting such as ours  
Were mournful as a ruined tomb,  
Surrounded all by flowers.

LEXINGTON, KY. ROSA.

## WARM HEARTS HAD KATE AND I.

BY AUSTIN T. CARLE.

The autumn winds were damp and cold,  
And dark the clouds that swept along,  
As from the fields the grains of gold.  
We gathered with the hawker's song,  
Our hardy forms, though thinly clad,  
Scarce felt the winds that swept us by;

For a child, and I a lad—

Warm hearts had we, my Kate and I.

The robin hungry to us came,  
And, fondly, listened to our song,  
Then hung his head in very shame—  
Less joyous notes to him belong.

Heedless we, though thinly clad,

Of autumn winds that swept us by;

Ah! she a child, and I a lad—

Warm hearts had we, my Kate and I.

We heaped the ears of yellow corn,  
More worth than gold could find to view;  
The crisp, young grain that grew,  
The plowman's hand that then clad,

Heedless we, though thinly clad,

Of autumn winds that swept us by;

For a child, and I a lad—

Warm hearts had we, my Kate and I.

When evening shadows gathered round,  
And from the fields we home would go,  
Her little form, my arm would bound,  
And heart to the drift snow;

Yet heedless we, though thinly clad,

Of chilling wind that swept us by;

For a child, and I a lad—

Warm hearts had we, my Kate and I.

From the Louisville Journal.

## WHERE IS HE?

And still flourish, a pale green tree,  
When hundred years are gone."

How is good and great and glorious old Hal,  
friend P. J. He has been more freshly called to

my mind to-day, though an evergreen in every

Whig heart, by a plaster medallion of him sent

me by T. Jones, the promising sculptor of the

West, now in New York. In a group of gen-

lemen admiring its similitude, Loco present

observed by way of taunt, "What good is

but small?" "I send you the en-

emy, believing he will be welcome in your

country, however weak a vindication it may be,

and though published in a somewhat similar shape

some years since in the Detroit Advertiser under

my initials:

Where is he? Ask the mighty host!

Of freemen in our native land!

A million voices will respond,

While each one proudly clasps his hand

To his warm heart, and with a tear

For him they honor, answer—here!

Where is he? In the frozen North,

In the vast empire of the West,

In the sweet lowlands of the South,

That rallying name is known and blest!

On land, a watchword for the free-

The sailor sheets it on the sea!

Where is he? Far beyond the reach

Of his fierce, unfeeling foes—

In vain does malice strive to crush

Cold steel genius with its blows!

The arrows winged with envious aim

Broke on the bright shield of his fame!

Where is he? When the world be great,

The party pignies of to-day,

Are all forgot, mankind will weep!

Around the world the grand of Clay!

There then will be their names—where dare

Debase their Echo answers—where?

Detroit, 1851. W. H. C.

A WHIG CHRONICLER OF THE TIMES, THE PEOPLE, AND THE COUNTRY.

"We shall always be Victorious when we all pull together!"

PUBLISHERS,

IN ADVANCE.

DANVILLE, KY., FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 21, 1851.

WHOLE NO. 432.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### THE DOLLAR.

BY GEO. LIPPARD.

[Would that George Lippard had always written as powerfully and unexceptionably as in the following sketch:]

They brought him a dollar.

He took it, clutched it in his long skinny fingers, tried its sound against the bed-post, and then gazed at it long and intently with his dull leaden eyes.

That day, in the hurry of business, Death had struck him, even in the street. He was hurrying to collect his last month's rent, and was on the verge of the miserable court where his tenants herded like beasts in their kennels—he was there with his bank-book in his hand; when Death laid his hand upon him.

He was carried home to his splendid mansion. He was laid upon a bed with a satin coverlet. The lawyer, the relations, and the preacher were sent for.—All day long he lay without speech, moving only his right hand, as though in the act of counting money.

"And yet you never preached that to me!" shrieked the dying man.

The preacher who had blundered thro' the passage from James, which we have quoted, knew not what to say. He was perchance terrified by the very look of his dying parishioner.

Then the wife drew near and strove to comfort him, and the son (who had been reading the will) attempted it with the grip of death.

A shaded lamp stood on a table near the silken bed. Its light fell faintly around the splendid room, where chairs and carpets and mirrors, silken bed and lofty ceiling, all said, Gold! as plainly as human lips can say it.

His hair and eyebrows are white. His cheeks sunken, and his lips thin and surrounded by wrinkles that indicated the pattern of Avarice. As he sat up in bed with his neck bared and the silken coverlet wrapped about his lean frame, his white hair and eyebrows contrasted with his wasted and wrinkled face, he looked like a ghost. And there was life in his leaden eye—all that life was centered on the Dollar which he gripped in his clenched fist.

His wife, a pleasant-faced matronly woman was seated at the foot of the bed. Her son, a young man of twenty-one, dressed in the last touch of fashion, sat by the lawyer. The lawyer sat before the table, pen in hand, and gold spectacles on his nose. There was a huge parchment spread before him.

"Do you think he'll make a will?" asked the son.

"Hardly *compos mentis* yet," was the whispered reply. "Wait, he'll be *incid* after a while."

"My dear," said the wife, "had I never sent for a preacher?"

She rose and took her dying husband by the hand, but he did not mind. His eye was upon the Dollar.

Next day there was a hearse followed by a train of carriages nearly a mile in length. There was a crowd around an open grave, and an elegant sermon upon the virtues of the deceased by the preacher.

There was a fluttering of crape badges, and rolling of carriages, and—no tears. They left the dead man and returned to the palace where sorrow died even as the crane was taken from the door knob.

And in the grave the dead hand still clenched the Dollar!

"And it's easier for a camel to go thro' the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter the kingdom of God, is it? Then what's to become of me? Am I not rich? What tenant did I ever spare? What debtor did I ever release? And you stood up Sunday after Sunday and preached to us, and never said one word about the camel."

The preacher, in search of a consoling passage, turned rapidly over the leaves, and, in his confusion, came to this passage, which he read:

"Go to now, ye rich men, weep and howl, for your miseries that shall come upon you. Your gold and silver is cangereed; and the rust of them shall be a witness against you; and eat your flesh as it were fire; ye have heaped treasures together for the last days. Behold the hire of the laborers who have reaped down your fields, which is of you kept back; but I did not. But my words gave the lie to my heart when I said I was not sorry. I heard her withdraw. I longed to tell her back, but I did not.

"And yet you never preached that to me!" shrieked the dying man.

The preacher who had blundered thro' the passage from James, which we have quoted, knew not what to say. He was perchance terrified by the very look of his dying parishioner.

Then the wife drew near and strove to comfort him, and the son (who had been reading the will) attempted it with the grip of death.

A shaded lamp stood on a table near the silken bed. Its light fell faintly around the splendid room, where chairs and carpets and mirrors, silken bed and lofty ceiling, all said, Gold! as plainly as human lips can say it.

His hair and eyebrows are white. His cheeks sunken, and his lips thin and surrounded by wrinkles that indicated the pattern of Avarice. As he sat up in bed with his neck bared and the silken coverlet wrapped about his lean frame, his white hair and eyebrows contrasted with his wasted and wrinkled face, he looked like a ghost. And there was life in his leaden eye—all that life was centered on the Dollar which he gripped in his clenched fist.

His wife, a pleasant-faced matronly woman was seated at the foot of the bed. Her son, a young man of twenty-one, dressed in the last touch of fashion, sat by the lawyer. The lawyer sat before the table, pen in hand, and gold spectacles on his nose. There was a huge parchment spread before him.

"Do you think he'll make a will?" asked the son.

"Hardly *compos mentis* yet," was the whispered reply. "Wait, he'll be *incid* after a while."

"My dear," said the wife, "had I never sent for a preacher?"

She rose and took her dying husband by the hand, but he did not mind. His eye was upon the Dollar.

Next day there was a hearse followed by a train of carriages nearly a mile in length. There was a crowd around an open grave, and an elegant sermon upon the virtues of the deceased by the preacher.

There was a fluttering of crape badges, and rolling of carriages, and—no tears. They left the dead man and returned to the palace where sorrow died even as the crane was taken from the door knob.

And in the grave the dead hand still clenched the Dollar!

YES, GET MARRIED—Dow, Jr., is a queer fellow, and says many good things his own curious style. Hear him discourse to young men on the subject of getting married. He really makes it out that a wife is some use to man.

Young man, if you have arrived at the right point in life for it, let every other consideration give way to that of getting married. Don't think of anything else. Keep poking among the rubbish of the world till you have stirred a gem worth a thousand rubles in your possession, in the shape of a wife. Never think of delaying the matter, for you know delays are dangerous. A good wife is the most constant and faithful companion you can possibly have by your side while performing the duty of life. She is of more service to you than you may at first imagine. She can smooth your linen and your cars; mend your trousers, and perchance your matters; sweeten your

# THE TRIBUNE.

Condensed from the Frankfort papers.

## KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

TUESDAY, Nov. 11,

Senate.

**Mr. McHenry**, from the Judiciary committee reported a substitute for the bill regulating changes of venue from County Courts: passed.

**Mr. Leslie**, from a select committee, reported a bill to more effectually to suppress the practice of gambling; ordered to be printed, and made a special order for Friday next.

HOUSE.

The Speaker announced the following visiting committee, viz:

Deaf and Dumb Asylum—Messrs. N. Green, Bullitt, J. H. Thomas, Anderson, and W. P. Moore.

Lunatic Asylum—Messrs. Oglesby, Ferrell, Jones, Bryan and McHenry.

Blind Asylum—Messrs. Webster, Stern, Wilmore, Musselman and Tye.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole. Mr. Mitchell, of Montgomery, in the chair, on the resolution offered by Mr. Marshall, of Woodford, proposing to go into the election of U. S. Senator, to succeed Mr. Underwood, whose term will expire on the 4th of March, 1853, on Monday the 17th instant.

**Mr. Bates**, of Barren, offered a substitute for the resolution, to the effect that it was inexpedient and unnecessary to elect a Senator in Congress during this session of the Legislature. The original resolution was advocated by Messrs. Marshall, Robertson (Speaker) and Parham, and opposed by Mr. Spragg, of Shelby, and Mr. N. Green, of Henry; when on motion of the latter gentlemen, the committee rose, with leave to sit again, and the House thereupon adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 12,

SENATE.

**Mr. Conn** had leave to bring in a bill to more effectually to suppress betting in the Commonwealth: referred.

The Speaker laid before the Senate the Committee report of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, at Danville. 1300 copies ordered to be printed, and the report referred to the Committee on Education.

A message was received from the Governor, or the Secretary of State, informing the Senate that on account of a slight indisposition in regard to the amount of the stock held, the public debt was two thousand dollars more than the amount paid in the Executive message communicated to the Senate some days since.

The Senate then took up the bill to more effectually to suppress betting by committees to secure their election. The Speaker is the duty of every officer after elected, whether Executive, legislative or judicial, to take an oath that he has not directly or indirectly sold liquor to any person to influence him, or cause the same to be done by another person. **Mr. McHenry** advised the bill, and Mr. Hardin and Mr. Anderson opposed it, when without further action, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

**Mr. Conn** had leave to bring in a bill to more effectually to suppress betting in the Commonwealth: referred.

The Speaker laid before the Senate the Committee report of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, at Danville. 1300 copies ordered to be printed, and the report referred to the Committee on Education.

A message was received from the Governor, or the Secretary of State, informing the Senate that on account of a slight indisposition in regard to the amount of the stock held, the public debt was two thousand dollars more than the amount paid in the Executive message communicated to the Senate some days since.

The Senate then took up the bill to more effectually to suppress betting by committees to secure their election. The Speaker is the duty of every officer after elected, whether Executive, legislative or judicial, to take an oath that he has not directly or indirectly sold liquor to any person to influence him, or cause the same to be done by another person. **Mr. McHenry** advised the bill, and Mr. Hardin and Mr. Anderson opposed it, when without further action, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The report of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, was laid before the House by the Speaker, 1300 copies were ordered to be printed.

**Mr. Burnam**, from the committee on Judiciary, reported a bill to amend section 11 in relation to free negroes and slaves: passed.

**Mr. James** had leave to bring in a bill to amend the Lexington and Three Rivers Kentucky River Railroad Company, referred to Judiciary committee.

**Mr. Finch** had leave to bring in a bill amending the constitution of one president for another, in certain cases: referred to a select committee.

**Mr. McKee** had leave to bring in a bill to amend the tax on Nine Pin, Tea Pin, and other Pin, or Raley boley Alleys; referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

A bill allowing the Commonwealth a compulsory challenge to juries in criminal cases: referred to Judiciary Committee.

**Mr. H. O. Morgan** had leave to bring in a bill providing for registration of marriages and deaths: referred to a select committee.

The House resolved itself into a committee of the whole. Mr. Mitchell, on the special order of the day, being the following joint resolution offered by Mr. Marshall some days since, viz:—resolved, by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. That a Senator in the Congress of the United States to fill the term of one of the Senators from Kentucky, on the 15th of March, 1853, be held on Monday the 17th of the present month.

Those who voted for Marshall were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 43.

Those who voted for Mr. Garrett Davis, Mr. McKee.

The committee compared the vote, and reported the joint vote to be as follows:

Dixon 49; Thompson 20; Stone 60; Davis 1.

The two Houses then adjourned to Wednesday morning, without effecting an election.

A message was received from the H. R., by Mr. Wintersmith, informing the Senate that the House had adopted a resolution for proceeding to the election of a United States Senator to serve six years from the 4th of March, 1853.

The first ballot in the Senate resulted as follows:

Those who voted for Marshall were: McHenry, 1.

Those who voted for Robertson were: Blinco, Bradley, Brown, Eliou, Ghosh, Green, Hause, Mason McFarland, Miller, Parks, Percival, Shawhan, Smith, Spencer and Thomasson, 5.

Those who voted for Dixon were: Barnes, Berry, Biss, Bozman, Cobb, Conner, Cunningham, Ellis, Haley, Irwin, Leslie, Lindsey, Preston, Taylor and Walker, 15.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Caldwell, Craig, Gerrick, Lanigan, Musselman, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Nevin, Ogley, Park, Salter, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

The following is the result of the first ball of the House.

Those who voted for Dixon were: Biggs, Cosby, Duncan Ford, Givens, Holladay, Jackson, Johnson, Jones, Keith, J. H. Lewis, McHenry, McNary, McIngvil, Moran, W. F. Moore, Shepherd, Stone, Troutman, Tye, Williams, Willingham, 43.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triplett, Walton, Webster, Willingham, 44.

Those who voted for Eddin were: Bailey, Baker, Bane, Barlow, Bales, Boyd, Bryan, Burnett, Calvert, Canby, Carlisle, Cox, Davis, Dodds, Eddin, Elms, Grier, Green, N. Green, Hatfield, Helm, Herndon, Higgins, A. M. Home, Hunt, Laffoon, Lee, McMillan, Michusson, Morgan, S. M. Moore, Nash, Ogley, Park, Silles, Spragg, J. J. Thomas, Trimble, Triple

# THE TRIBUNE.



IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH.

DANVILLE, KY.: FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 11, 1851.

For President in 1852,  
**MILLARD FILLMORE,**  
of NEW YORK.

For Vice President,  
**JOHN J. CRITTENDEN,**  
of KENTUCKY.

We have been compelled for several weeks to print the Tribune on a very indifferent article of paper, but it is the best we can get. The low stage of the river has prevented our paper merchant from getting a supply of the right kind, and we ask the indulgence of our readers, for a week or two longer, by which time we hope to do better.

**MORE FINE CORN.**—Mr. Geo. M. Peacock of this county, has left at our office a dozen ears of corn which "take down the crowd" in almost every respect. They are much larger, better filled, and of a better variety of grain than any other lot we have received this season.

**LECTURE ON MUSIC.**—We are requested to state that Mr. Wm. A. MARKWELL will deliver a lecture on vocal music, in the Reform Church, on this (Friday) evening, at half-past 6 o'clock, after which he will proceed to form his third class in this place. We have heretofore taken occasion to speak of Mr. Markwell's qualifications as a teacher of music, and in addition to this, he is too well known in this community to render it necessary for us to repeat. We may, however, say that the best judges and all the members of his former classes unite in acknowledging him to be the most efficient and successful teacher that has ever visited our city. The public, and especially those who desire to join the class, are invited to attend his lecture.

**CONCERT.**—The show-going portion of our community will not fail to notice the advertisement for a Concert in this place on-morrow (Saturday) evening, by the Hill Family. Their bill of performance presents several very attractive features, and those who attend will doubtless be highly entertained.

**PREMIUM FOR CORN.**—We again invite attention to the advertisement of Jona Nichols & Co., offering a premium for the best lot of Corn delivered at their grocery in Danville. They give further time till the 1st of December next. Let all the farmers in this section who have fine corn make a trial for the premium.

**GOWEN'S LADY'S BOOK.**—Gowen bids good-bye to '51 in his December number very gracefully, and we regard this number as one of the very best ever issued. It contains four magnificent steel engravings, and a large amount of interesting reading matter. Gowen has been a publisher for many years, and understands his business much too well to allow himself to be "beaten" by any of his contemporaries.

**DESERTERS.**—Twenty-nine privates of Capt. Duncan's company of mounted rifles, recently from Fort Larimore, deserted from Fort Leavenworth a few days since.

**THE EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.**—A despatch from Boston, under date of the 12th inst., states that Robert Morris, the negro lawyer indicted for aiding in the Seadrach rescue, was that morning acquitted.

**HON. THOS. F. MARSHALL.**—This distinguished and talented gentleman has entitled himself to much credit for his independent and manly course in the present Legislature, and we are glad to see that the press and correspondents from the capital are awarding him his just due. The Frankfort correspondent of the Louisville Courier, speaking of him, says:

He is a gifted son of an honored and venerated lineage, whose talents are angel-bright, and whose genius is the physician of the Beautiful, and as an orator who graces his art with the fascination of sententious and persuasive wisdom, "none but himself can be his parallel." Should Mr. Marshall's reformation in personal habits prove lasting, and we have every assurance that it will abide the test of time, and should he continue in the Whig fold, his genius, eloquence and patriotism will finally position him in one of the proudest niches of the pantheon of political renown.

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**RISE IN THE RIVER.**—A despatch from Pittsburgh on the 17th inst., reported 12 feet water in the Ohio river at that place. A large number of boats started on that day. A later despatch of the 18th reports only 10 feet water, and falling. At Cincinnati and Louisville, the river is still stationary, with about 4 feet water in the channel.

**THURSDAY NEXT.**—Thursday next is the day set apart by Gov. Powell as a day of Thanksgiving. It will, of course, be properly observed by our citizens.

**MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.**—It is announced by telegraph from Boston, under date of the 11th, that the entire State has been heard from, and the vote stands: Winthrop, Whig, 64,540; Boutwell, Dem., 43,582; Palfrey, Free Soil, 28,583. There is therefore no choice of Governor by the people. Last year the vote stood: Briggs, Whig, 56,778; Boutwell, Dem., 36,023; Phillips, Free-Soil, 27,636. The Whig increase is 7,762; the Democratic 7,869; and the Free-Soil 959.

Mr. Winthrop beats Boutwell 29,656 votes, but falls of his election by the vote cast for Palfrey.

The probabilities are said to be decided in favor of a Whig Legislature.—The Whigs have elected 20 Senators, and the Coalitionists 14. The character of the House will depend upon the elections yet to take place. Parties now stand: Whigs 162, Coalition 143, no choice 132. A number of towns have voted to send no representation. The majority against the Convention to frame a new Constitution is 3,322.

**THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLICAN.**—The St. Louis Republican of the 15th instant, states that Timothy Burns, candidate of the Loco-focos for Lieutenant Governor in Wisconsin, is probably the only man elected on that ticket for State officers. For everything else, there has been a clean sweep of Loco-focos out of office.

**WE notice that Troublesome, Wolf-Slinking, Jenny's, and Grassy Creeks, in this State, have been declared navigable streams by the present Legislature. Navigable for what?**

**WE have not yet received the Harrodsburg Floundboy of last week. Has our neighbor become offended and withdrawn his light from us?**

**THE members of Congress are already beginning to collect at Washington city, which fact indicates that there will be quite a full attendance at the opening of the session.**

**CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPONS.**—We are glad to see that Mr. Anderson, our worthy and talented Representative in the Legislature, has introduced a bill to suppress the practice of carrying concealed weapons. That the passage of such a bill is loudly called for, no one who is cognizant of the immense deal of bloodshed, and the increasing loss of life caused almost entirely by this disgraceful practice, will deny. We unite therefore with our brethren of the press, and all good peaceable citizens, in hoping earnestly that the bill introduced by Mr. Anderson, if it covers all the necessary ground, will be adopted by the Legislature, and rigidly enforced on all who violate the law thereby made. If something of the kind is not done, and that speedily, the time may soon come (if it has not already) when the most peaceful citizen cannot consider himself safe unless he is armed for self defence.

**THE UNITED STATES FAIR.**—We see it stated that Mr. Bates of Dundas, Canada, has discovered a mode of producing a beautiful light from a peculiar decomposition of common air. It is clear, smokeless, and brilliant; perfectly safe, and can be produced at so very trifling a cost that, if it turns out as described, it must supersede the use of all descriptions of artificial light now in use. It is the intention of the inventor shortly to exhibit the results of his invention to the public, and to apply for a patent.

**TENNESSEE U. S. SENATOR.**—On the 14th inst., the Tennessee Legislature elected that noble and talented Whig, Ex-Gov. Jones, to the Senate of the United States, to succeed Mr. Turney, Loco. Ex-Gov. Trousdale was the Loco-foco candidate, and the vote stood, Jones 55; Trousdale 38; Nicholas (Loco) 1, and Hardy (Whig) 1.

**OFF-SHOOT OF THE WORLD'S FAIR IN THE UNITED STATES.**—We see it stated that a proposition has been made in the London papers, over the signature of Edward Riddle, United States Commissioner, and the Austrian commissioner, to transfer to New York the most narrative and valuable portion of the articles which have been exhibited in the Crystal Palace; and it is said that a company has been formed, represented in Europe by these two men, "to whom the entire management has been entrusted." A large building has been erected in New York, which will be made a bonded warehouse for the reception of goods from all countries, and it is stated that the proposed exhibition will be opened on the 15th of April next, and continue open for a period of four months.

**GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE.**—Graham bids good-bye to '51 in his December number very gracefully, and we regard this number as one of the very best ever issued. It contains four magnificent steel engravings, and a large amount of interesting reading matter.

**DETROIT.**—Twenty-nine privates of Capt. Duncan's company of mounted rifles, recently from Fort Larimore, deserted from Fort Leavenworth a few days since.

**THE SUBSIDY BILL.**—A telegraphic despatch has been received at St. Louis from Washington, ordering eight companies of the rifle regiment to Texas.

**THE EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.**—A despatch from Boston, under date of the 12th inst., states that Robert Morris, the negro lawyer indicted for aiding in the Seadrach rescue, was that morning acquitted.

**HON. THOS. F. MARSHALL.**—This distinguished and talented gentleman has entitled himself to much credit for his independent and manly course in the present Legislature, and we are glad to see that the press and correspondents from the capital are awarding him his just due.

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**LOUISIANA.**—A letter from New Orleans, in the Mobile Advertiser of the 4th, says, "the Legislature will be undoubtedly, largely Whig. A Whig U. S. Senator, and Mr. Soule awfully instructed."

**SANTA ANNA.**—Santa Anna is again talked of in Mexico as the only man who can save the Republic. It seems certain that, without some unexpected intervention the government must be broken up.

**THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIANA.**—The new constitution of Indiana went into operation on the 1st inst. No negro or mulatto can now emigrate to or settle in that State.

**THURSDAY NEXT.**—Thursday next is the day set apart by Gov. Powell as a day of Thanksgiving. It will, of course, be properly observed by our citizens.

**LATER FROM MEXICO.**—A despatch, dated 16th inst., from New Orleans, says: "By an arrival to-day from Brazos, we have a report that Carvajal, on the 9th raised the siege of Matamoras, and that most of his followers have disbanded.

A subsequent despatch, dated the 18th, says the steamer Fanny, from Brazos, confirms the report of Carvajal's abandoning the siege of Matamoras. The failure is attributed to a want of military capacity and indecision. A stampede occurred among his forces, which was increased by the report of large Mexican reinforcements being near, which proved groundless. Subsequently Carvajal took his post at Reynosa, where many rejoined him.

A Rio Bravo paper says that Capt. Ford has recovered and will rejoin Cavalry and continue the war. The Mexicans are greatly elated.

**REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT IN EUROPE.**—We learn from the New York Express that a bold and determined step has just been taken by Mezzini and his associates—the acknowledged heads of the so-called Republican party in Italy—in issuing a proclamation which gives open warning of another general revolution in Europe. This proclamation, which is signed by Giuseppe, Mazzini, A. Galli, and Montelchi, is dated at London, Sept. 30th, and was published at Genoa, Oct. 14—Sardinia being the only place, they say, in which the printing press is free. It calls upon Italians to be prepared for a simultaneous insurrection, and prescribes the principles and rules of proceeding in the first stages of the movement: states that a society called the "Friends of Liberty" has been founded, to collect contributions and to promote the triumph of the press, public meetings, parliamentary action, and all other courageous means.

**A NEW LIGHT DISCOVERED.**—It is said that Mr. Bates of Dundas, Canada, has discovered a mode of producing a beautiful light from a peculiar decomposition of common air. It is clear, smokeless, and brilliant; perfectly safe, and can be produced at so very trifling a cost that, if it turns out as described, it must supersede the use of all descriptions of artificial light now in use.

It is the intention of the inventor shortly to exhibit the results of his invention to the public, and to apply for a patent.

**THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL.**—The Louisville Journal, of Friday, says: "We understand that a female slave, who ran away from her master in this city about two years ago, and resided during that time in Indiana, returned yesterday, preferring to live as a slave with her master rather than remain free in Indiana."

**MR. C. ANDERSON.**—The Frankfort correspondent of the Louisville Journal, in his letter of the 14th inst., pays the following very deserved compliment to Mr. Anderson, who so ably represents this county in the Legislature:

"The people have labored under the error for a long time, that gray hairs and legislative wisdom were inseparable, and that a man should not presume to take any part in guiding the ship of State that rough, until his head is whitened with the frost of many winters. But since the days of Pitt this error has been gradually giving away, and while we all admit the advantages of practical experience, and acknowledge the respect and deference due to old age, we must also acknowledge that we have many young men, who by no means disgrace our legislative halls. During the present session no one has contributed more to the refutation of this error than our young friend from Boyle, whose native talent and business capacity, and whose acuteness in the performance of the arduous duties imposed upon him, render him a most valuable member; and, if he should hereafter devote his attention to the subject of politics, I predict that he will occupy who honor the highest positions in the gift of his constituents."

**RUMORS FROM WASHINGTON.**—The Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial sends the following to that paper:

"I copy the following paragraph from the New York Tribune. It is said that there is no doubt whatever but that the report tending to disparage the character of Kossoh in this country, were started by the enemies of Hungary, and are not at all reliable:

**A GENTLEMAN WHO HAS CONVERSED WITH CAPT. LONG.**—A gentleman who has conversed with Capt. Long of the Mississippi, informs us that the Captain had no such difficulty with Kossoh as has been reported, and expresses for the great Hungarian the highest esteem and regard. The reports were set on foot by the enemies of Hungary, but he denies aducing the woman from Kentucky, but admits that he assisted her in Indiana, and further states that he always has, and always will, oppose the fugitive slave law.

**RUMORS FROM WASHINGTON.**—The Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial sends the following to that paper:

"I copy the statement that Mr. Webster has placed his resignation in the hands of the President, to take effect soon after the meeting of Congress, is authentic. Mr. Webster can have no reason for delaying a step which he has contemplated for some months. The reasons which have induced him to forego his purpose of withdrawing from the labor and care of office until this time, will be developed in the annual exposition of our National affairs, to be laid before Congress by the President. But for his infirm health, Hon. Edward Everett would doubtless come into the place about to be vacated by Webster, but it is considered settled that when Webster goes out, Crittenden will take charge of the State Department, and Rufus Choate will be made Attorney General.

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun of the 14th inst., says:

"He is a gifted son of an honored and venerated lineage, whose talents are angel-bright, and whose genius is the physician of the Beautiful, and as an orator who graces his art with the fascination of sententious and persuasive wisdom, 'none but himself can be his parallel.' Should Mr. Marshall's reformation in personal habits prove lasting, and we have every assurance that it will abide the test of time, and should he continue in the Whig fold, his genius, eloquence and patriotism will finally position him in one of the proudest niches of the pantheon of political renown."

**LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.**—A despatch from the Louisville Courier of the 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says, "that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death."

**THE WASHINGTON TELEGRAPH.**—The Washington Telegraph, of the 12th inst., in speaking of our Cuban affairs, says, "that our Government is in possession of the proofs that, firstly, no trial of Crittenden and his men was had; and, secondly, the bodies of a portion of them were mutilated after death."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—The Washington Despatch, of the 17th inst., states that Robert Morris, the negro lawyer indicted for aiding in the Seadrach rescue, was that morning acquitted.

**HON. THOS. F. MARSHALL.**—This distinguished and talented gentleman has entitled himself to much credit for his independent and manly course in the present Legislature, and we are glad to see that the press and correspondents from the capital are awarding him his just due.

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WASHINGTON DESPATCH.**—A Washington despatch under date of the 17th inst., says: "It has been determined by the President and Cabinet to give a grand diplomatic dinner to Kossoh.—Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian representative, will be invited."

**THE WARSAW NEW YORKER.**—The Warsaw New Yorker gives the particulars of an accident by which Mrs. True, of Covington, wife of Wm. True, was killed by her own husband Mr. T. was driving a team into the ground, and a rail was placed for him to stand upon, with one end in a chair and the other upon the sill of a barn. One end of the rail was held by Mrs. T. to steady it. While Mr. T. was in the act of striking upon the stake with an axe, his feet slipped and he fell toward his wife, the axe striking upon her head with such force as to cause immediate death. No one witnessed this unfortunate accident except the husband, who was thus made his wife's executioner. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict

# THE TRIBUNE.

**CONDENSED HISTORY OF STEAM.**—About 280 B. C. Hero, of Alexandria, formed a toy which exhibited some of the powers of steam and was moved by its power.

A. D. 540, Anthemius, an architect, arranged several cauldrons of water, each covered with the wide bottom of a leather tube, which rose to a narrow top with pipes extending to the rafters of the adjoining building. A fire was kindled beneath the cauldrons, and the house was shaken by the force of steam ascending the tubes. This is the first notice of the power of steam recorded.

In 1543, June 17, Blasco DeGaroy tried a steamboat of 200 tons with success at Barcelona, Spain. It consisted of a cauldron of boiling water and a movable wheel on each side of the ship. It was laid aside as impracticable. A present how it was made to Caroy.

In 1680 the first railroad was constructed at Newcastle on Tyne.

The first idea of a steam engine in England was in the Marquis of Worcester's "History of Invention," A. D. 1663.

In 1710 Newcomen made the first steam engine in England.

In 1718 patents were granted to Savery for the first application of the steam engine.

In 1754 James Watt made the first perfect steam Engine in England.

In 1758 Jonathan Hall first set forth the idea of steam navigation.

In 1778 Thomas Paine first proposed the application in America.

In 1781 Marquis Jouffray constructed a steamboat on the Seine.

In 1785 two Americans published a work on it.

In 1795 William Tymington made a voyage in one on the Forth and Clyde Canal.

In 1802 this experiment was repeated.

In 1802 Ramey propelled a boat by steam at New York.

In 1787 John Fitch, of Connecticut, navigated a boat by a steam engine on the Delaware.

In 1798 Robert Fulton first began to apply his invention to steam.

In 1799 Oliver Evans, a native of Philadelphia, constructed a locomotive steam engine to travel on a turnpike road.

The first steam vessel that ever crossed the Atlantic was the Savannah, in the month of June, 1810, from Charleston to Liverpool.—Furn's Merchant's Magazine.

**Rubber's Farina,** From its incomparably wholesome and nutritious qualities as a food for the healthy, and its established value as a medicine and requisite in every well provided family. Its delicacy and important uses as a diet for invalids and the sick, as well as for the sustenance of growing children and infants, particularly for the latter at the critical period of weaning, have also secured it a character in the sick room and nursery, equal to its reputation as a food for the robust and hearty.

Indeed, no other substance is so well calculated to establish during infancy the formation of a strong and well developed physical organization.

Chemical analysis, from the most distinguished authorities in New York and elsewhere, prove it to contain those elemental properties necessary to the production of muscle and bone in the system, and for satisfying other demands of the "mysterious principle of life."

Packed in papers containing one pound each—modes of cooking detailed on wrappers. A large supply of this invaluable and most delicious article, just receive it and for sale by JONA. NICHOLS & CO., Grocers, Commission & Forwarding Merchant's Oct 10, '51

**New-style Ribbon.**

LADIES, call in and examine my new assortment of Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, as I feel confident that they will please all who are desirous of pretty and fashionable articles. Sept 19 WM. M. FIELDS.

**Shoes and Boots.**

MY stock of Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses', Youth's and Children's Boots and Shoes is very large and well assorted, and of the best workmanship and materials, and will be sold very cheap. Examine for yourselves. Sept 19 WM. M. FIELDS.

**WANTED.**

A BOY at the "Mammoth Grocery." One from the country would be preferred. Sept 12, '51

**PREMIUM HATS,** Bloomer and Perodi Hats AND ALL SORTS OF HATS!

HAVING taken both the Premium and semi-fines at the Fair in Lexington on the 9th inst., on FINE SILK HATS, I am prepared to furnish customers with duplicates of same, or with any and all styles of HATS, send in your orders soon.

GEORGE C. BAIN, Main St., Lexington.

**Jacks and Jennets for Sale.**

THE subscriber offers for sale THE Two Fine Young JACKS, of the best stock in the country. Also, Two Fine BREEDING JENNETS, with their Cotts. Any person wishing to purchase stock of this kind would do well to give me a call. Residence half a mile north of Danville.

JAS. E. GILLESPIE.

**CONFECIONERY AND FRUIT**

HAVING made considerable additions to his establishment, the subscriber wishes to inform the public, that he can now supply all orders that may be made for Cakes, Candies, Fruits, &c. &c. at any time, either at wholesale or retail. He is also prepared to furnish

Wedding, Parties, Balls, &c. With Pyramids, &c. made of French Candies, Cake, Oranges, Macarones, Kisses, &c. &c.

On the most reasonable terms and shortest notice, and he respectfully solicits orders for such work, and invites all to call and see specimens of his work, and learn his prices. He pledges himself to give entire satisfaction to all his patrons, as he feels confident that he understands every article of Confectionary business that have never been introduced in this community. A large stock of every thing in his line constantly on hand, including every description of French work.

Remember, the Old Confectionary establishment, on Third street, opposite the Tribune Printing Office.

T. J. SHINDLEBOWER, Danville, Sept 26, '51 if.

**Cake Boots and Shoes!**

A large supply just received.—

Purchasers are invited to call and examine the quality and prices of them—whether they wish to purchase or not.

Oct 10 JONA. NICHOLS & CO.

**5,000 SPOTTED REGALIAS,** in store and for sale by J. L. SMITH.

## CITY INSURANCE COMPANY, OF CINCINNATI.

**JNO. M. SCOTT, Agent,** WILL issue Policies of insurance on all kinds of property against Loss or Damage by Fire, Water, or otherwise. Office, at the Counting-room of Jno. M. Scott & Co. Danville, Jan 17, '51 if.

## NEW YORK MUTUAL Life Insurance Company,

No. 69 Wall Street, New York.  
MORRIS FRANKLIN, Pres.  
RANT FREEMAN, Actuary.  
G. RICE, Agent,  
Danville, Ky.

## BOYLE & ANDERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

DANVILLE, KY.

WILL continue to practice Law in part in Boyle and Anderson counties.

Office on Third-street, opposite the Tribune Printing Office.

Oct 24, '51 if.

**JUST RECEIVED:**

THE subscribers are in receipt of a large and splendid stock of Fall Goods, consisting in part of

## GARMENTS,

Embracing every variety, from the Richest Velvet to the commonest article.

## WALL PAPER

Of all kinds, and at all prices from \$cents to \$2.50 per piece. This stock is entirely new, embracing the most modern and richest patterns

## OLE CLOTHES?

Of all widths, cut to suit the purchaser.

## CURTAIN MATERIALS,

Satin de Laines, Worsted de Laines, Damask of all colors; Embroidered Lace and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Arms, Loops, Gimp, &c.

## Hence Furnishing Goods,

Of nearly every description, all of which we especially furnish the citizens of Danville and the surrounding counties to call and examine before purchasing, as we pledge ourselves to sell as low as the same description of Goods can be purchased anywhere West of the Mountains.

THOMPSON VAN DALSEM,  
No. 6 Higgins' Block,  
Main St., Danville, Ky.

## REMOVAL!

## FASHIONABLE

## FURNITURE,

## CHAIRS & C.

## PATTERSON & WOODRUFF

Sept 12, '51 if.

## SELLING OFF AT COST.

## NEW GOODS!

G. A. ARMSTRONG has removed to

the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his

customers.

He has removed to the Mammoth GROCERY, in

order to accommodate his